ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
AFFILIATED INSTITUTIONS
REGULATIONS 2017
M.E. CAD / CAM
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs) :
1. To Impart knowledge to students in recent advances in the Computer Aided Manufacturing to educate them to prosper in Manufacturing engineering and research related professions.
2. To enhance the mathematical, scientific and engineering fundamentals the provide students with a solid foundation in required to solve analytical problems
3. To coach students with good design and engineering skills so as to comprehend, analyze, design, and produce novel materials, products and solutions for the contemporary manufacturing issues.
4. To inculcate students with professional and ethical attitude, effective communication skills, teamwork skills, multidisciplinary approach, and an ability to relate Computer Integrated Manufacturing engineering issues to broader engineering and social context.
5. To provide student with an academic environment conscious of research excellence, organizing capabilities, written ethical codes, discipline and guidelines, and the life-long learning needed for a successful professional caree

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs):
On successful completion of the programme,
1. Graduates will demonstrate knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering.
2. Graduates will demonstrate an ability to identify, formulate and solve engineering problems.
3. Graduate will demonstrate an ability to design and conduct experiments, analyze and interpret data.
4. Graduates will demonstrate an ability to design a system, component or process as per needs and specifications.
5. Graduates will demonstrate an ability to visualize and work on laboratory and multidisciplinary tasks.
6. Graduate will demonstrate skills to use modern engineering tools, software and equipment to analyze problems.
7. Graduates will demonstrate knowledge of professional and ethical responsibilities.
8. Graduate will be able to communicate effectively in both verbal and written form.
9. Graduate will show the understanding of impact of engineering solutions on the society and also will be aware of contemporary issues.
10. Graduate will develop confidence for self education and ability for life-long learning.

Mapping of PEOs with POs

Programme Educational objective	Programme outcome									
	PO1	**PO2**	**PO3**	**PO4**	**PO5**	**PO6**	**PO7**	**PO8**	**PO9**	**PO10**
I	√	√		√						
II					√	√	√			
III				√	√	√	√			
IV							√	√	√	
V		√	√						√	√

		Subjects	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
YEAR 1	**SEM 1**	Applied Mathematics for Engineers	√		√					√	√
		Computer Aided Tools for Manufacturing			√			√		√	√
		Computer Applications in Design	√	√	√		√				
		Competitive Manufacturing Systems	√			√					√
		Advanced Finite Element Analysis	√	√	√		√			√	√
		Professional Elective I									
		Advanced Analysis and Simulation Laboratory			√		√		√	√	√
		CAD Laboratory			√		√		√	√	√
	SEM 2	Additive Manufacturing and Tooling			√		√			√	√
		Design for Manufacture Assembly and Environments		√	√	√	√			√	√
		Mechanical behavior of Materials	√			√					√
		Integrated Product Design and Process Design		√		√		√		√	√
		Professional Elective II									
		Professional Elective III									
		CAM Laboratory			√		√		√	√	√
		Design Project	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
YEAR 2	**SEM 3**	Product Lifecycle Management Professional Elective IV Professional Elective V	√			√					√
		Project Work Phase I	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
	SEM 4	Project Work Phase II	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√

Professional Electives

ELECTIVES	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
SEMESTER I									
Computer Control in Process Planning			√		√			√	√
Advanced Mechanics of Materials									
Optimization Techniques in Design	√			√				√	√
Mechatronics Applications in Manufacturing									
Information Analytics									
SEMESTER II									
Advanced Tool Design	√			√	√			√	√
Integrated Mechanical Design									
Mechanisms Design and Simulation	√	√	√	√	√			√	
Computational Fluid Dynamics	√	√	√	√	√			√	√
Industrial Safety Management									
Reliability in Engineering Systems									
SEMESTER III									
Performance Modeling and Analysis of Manufacturing System									
Metrology and Non Destructive Testing									
Quality Management Techniques									
Design for Cellular Manufacturing Systems									
Composite Materials and Mechanics	√	√	√	√	√			√	√
Design of Material Handling Equipments	√			√				√	√
Industrial Robotics and Expert Systems									
Design for Internet of Things									

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AFFILIATED INSTITUTIONS

REGULATIONS 2017

M.E. CAD / CAM

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I TO IV SEMESTERS (FULL TIME) CURRICULUM AND SYLLABUS

SEMESTER I

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.	MA5156	Applied Mathematics for Engineers	FC	4	4	0	0	4
2.	ED5151	Computer Applications in Design	PC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	CD5291	Computer Aided Tools for Manufacturing	PC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	CC5101	Competitive Manufacturing Systems	PC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	ED5153	Advanced Finite Element Analysis	PC	3	3	0	0	3
6.		Professional Elective I	PE	3	3	0	0	3
PRACTICAL								
7.	ED5161	CAD Laboratory	PC	4	0	0	4	2
8.	ED5162	Advanced Analysis and Simulation Laboratory	PC	4	0	0	4	2
			TOTAL	**27**	**19**	**0**	**8**	**23**

SEMESTER II

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.	CC5291	Design for Manufacture, Assembly and Environments	PC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	CC5292	Additive Manufacturing and Tooling	PC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	ED5252	Mechanical Behavior of Materials	PC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	PD5251	Integrated Product Design and Process Development	PC	5	3	2	0	4
5.		Professional Elective II	PE	3	3	0	0	3
6.		Professional Elective III	PE	3	3	0	0	3
PRACTICAL								
7.	CC5211	CAM Laboratory	PC	2	0	0	2	1
8.	CC5212	Design Project	EEC	4	0	0	4	2
			TOTAL	**26**	**18**	**2**	**6**	**22**

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.	PD5091	Product Lifecycle Management	PC	3	3	0	0	3
2.		Professional Elective IV	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.		Professional Elective V	PE	3	3	0	0	3
PRACTICAL								
4.	CC5311	Project Work Phase I	EEC	12	0	0	12	6
			TOTAL	21	9	0	12	15

SEMESTER IV

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
PRACTICAL								
1.	CC5411	Project Work Phase II	EEC	24	0	0	24	12
			TOTAL	24	0	0	24	12

TOTAL CREDITS TO BE EARNED FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE: 72

FOUNDATION COURSES (FC)

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	MA5156	Applied Mathematics for Engineers	FC	4	4	0	0	4

PROFESSIONAL CORE (PC)

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	ED5151	Computer Applications in Design	PC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	CD5291	Computer Aided Tools for Manufacturing	PC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	CC5101	Competitive Manufacturing Systems	PC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	ED5153	Advanced Finite Element Analysis	PC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	ED5161	CAD Laboratory	PC	4	0	0	4	2
6.	ED5162	Advanced Analysis and Simulation Laboratory	PC	4	0	0	4	2
7.	CC5291	Design for Manufacture, Assembly and Environments	PC	3	3	0	0	3
8.	CC5292	Additive Manufacturing and Tooling	PC	3	3	0	0	3
9.	ED5252	Mechanical Behavior of Materials	PC	3	3	0	0	3
10.	PD5251	Integrated Product and Process Development	PC	5	3	2	0	4
11.	CC5211	CAM Laboratory	PC	2	0	0	2	1
12.	PD5091	Product Lifecycle Management	PC	3	3	0	0	3

LIST OF ELECTIVES FOR M.E. CAD / CAM

SEMESTER I (Elective I)

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	CC5001	Computer Control in Process Planning	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.	ED5071	Optimization Techniques in Design	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.	ED5092	Advanced Mechanics of Materials	PE	3	3	0	0	3
4.	ED5073	Information Analytics	PE	3	3	0	0	3
5.	CC5002	Mechatronics Applications in Manufacturing	PE	3	3	0	0	3

SEMESTER II (Elective II & III)

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	CC5003	Industrial Safety Management	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.	CD5071	Advanced Tool Design	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.	ED5251	Mechanisms Design and Simulation	PE	3	3	0	0	3
4.	ED5093	Computational Fluid Dynamics	PE	3	3	0	0	3
5.	CC5004	Reliability in Engineering Systems	PE	3	3	0	0	3
6.	ED5253	Integrated Mechanical Design	PE	3	3	0	0	3

SEMESTER III (Elective IV & V)

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	CC5008	Performance Modeling and Analysis of Manufacturing System	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2.	CC5005	Metrology and Non Destructive Testing	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3.	CC5006	Quality Management Techniques	PE	3	3	0	0	3
4.	CC5007	Design for Cellular Manufacturing Systems	PE	3	3	0	0	3
5.	ED5078	Composite Materials and Mechanics	PE	3	3	0	0	3
6.	ED5091	Design of Material Handling Equipments	PE	3	3	0	0	3
7.	CD5091	Industrial Robotics and Expert Systems	PE	3	3	0	0	3
8.	ED5075	Design for Internet of Things	PE	3	3	0	0	3

EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES (EEC)

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	CC5212	Design Project	EEC	4	0	0	4	2
2.	CC5311	Project Work Phase I	EEC	12	0	0	12	6
3.	CC5411	Project Work Phase II	EEC	24	0	0	24	12

MA5156   **APPLIED MATHEMATICS FOR ENGINEERS**   L T P C
                                                                     4 0 0 4

OBJECTIVES :
This course is designed to enrich the knowledge in various advanced mathematical techniques such as matrix theory, calculus of variations, probability and random variables, Laplace transforms and Fourier transforms. The fundamental concepts in these areas will be more useful for the students to model the engineering problems and solving them by applying these methods.

UNIT I   MATRIX THEORY   12
The Cholesky decomposition - Generalized Eigenvectors - Canonical basis - QR factorization - Least squares method - Singular value decomposition.

UNIT II   CALCULUS OF VARIATIONS   12
Concept of variation and its properties – Euler's equation – Functional dependant on first and higher order derivatives – Functionals dependant on functions of several independent variables – Variational problems with moving boundaries – Isoperimetric problems - Direct methods : Ritz and Kantorovich methods.

UNIT III   PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES   12
Probability – Axioms of probability – Conditional probability – Baye's theorem - Random variables - Probability function – Moments – Moment generating functions and their properties – Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Uniform, Exponential, Gamma and Normal distributions – Function of a random variable.

UNIT IV   LAPLACE TRANSFORM TECHNIQUES FOR PARTIAL
**   DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS   12**
Laplace transform - Definitions - Properties – Transform error function - Bessel's function - Dirac delta function - Unit step functions – Convolution theorem – Inverse Laplace transform : Complex inversion formula – Solutions to partial differential equations : Heat equation - Wave equation.

UNIT V   FOURIER TRANSFORM TECHNIQUES FOR PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL
**   EQUATIONS   12**
Fourier transform : Definitions - Properties – Transform of elementary functions - Dirac delta function – Convolution theorem – Parseval's identity – Solutions to partial differential equations : Heat equation - Wave equation - Laplace and Poison's equations.

                                                          TOTAL : 60 PERIODS
OUTCOMES :
After completing this course, students should demonstrate competency in the following skills:
- Apply various methods in matrix theory to solve system of linear equations.
- Maximizing and minimizing the functional that occur in various branches of engineering disciplines.
- Computation of probability and moments, standard distributions of discrete and continuous random variables and functions of a random variable.
- Application of Laplace and Fourier transforms to initial value, initial–boundary value and boundary value problems in Partial Differential Equations.

REFERENCES :
1. Andrews L.C. and Shivamoggi, B. "Integral Transforms for Engineers", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2003.
2. Bronson, R. "Matrix Operations", Schaum's outline series, 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2011.
3. James, G., "Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics ", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
4. Johnson, R.A., Miller, I and Freund J., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 8th Edition, 2015.
5. O'Neil, P.V., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics ", Thomson Asia Pvt. Ltd., Singapore, 2003.
6. Sankara Rao, K., "Introduction to Partial Differential Equations", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1997.

ED5151   **COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN DESIGN**   **L T P C**
                                                                                      3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
- To impart knowledge on computer graphics which are used routinely in diverse areas as science, engineering, medicine, etc.

UNIT I   INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER GRAPHICS FUNDAMENTALS   9
Output primitives (points, lines, curves etc.,), 2-D & 3-D transformation (Translation, scaling, rotation) windowing - view ports - clipping transformation.

UNIT II   CURVES AND SURFACES MODELING   9
Introduction to curves - Analytical curves: line, circle and conics – synthetic curves: Hermite cubic spline- Bezier curve and B-Spline curve – curve manipulations.
Introduction to surfaces - Analytical surfaces: Plane surface, ruled surface, surface of revolution and tabulated cylinder – synthetic surfaces: Hermite bicubic surface- Bezier surface and B-Spline surface- surface manipulations.

UNIT III   NURBS AND SOLID MODELING   9
NURBS- Basics- curves, lines, arcs, circle and bi linear surface. Regularized Boolean set operations - primitive instancing - sweep representations - boundary representations – constructive solid Geometry - comparison of representations - user interface for solid modeling.

UNIT IV   VISUAL REALISM   9
Hidden – Line – Surface – solid removal algorithms shading – coloring. Introduction to parametric and variational geometry based software's and their principles creation of prismatic and lofted parts using these packages.

UNIT V   ASSEMBLY OF PARTS AND PRODUCT DATA EXCHANGE   9
Assembly modeling - interferences of positions and orientation - tolerances analysis – mass property calculations - mechanism simulation.
Graphics and computing standards– Open GL Data Exchange standards – IGES, STEP etc– Communication standards.

                                                                      TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
OUTCOMES:
- It helps the students to get familiarized with the computer graphics application in design.
- This understanding reinforces the knowledge being learned and shortens the overall learning curve which is necessary to solve CAE problems that arise in engineering.

REFERENCES:
1. David F. Rogers, James Alan Adams "Mathematical elements for computer graphics" second edition, Tata McGraw-Hill edition.
2. Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker "Computer Graphics", Prentice Hall, Inc., 1992.
3. Foley, Wan Dam, Feiner and Hughes – Computer graphics principles & practices, Pearson Education – 2003.
4. Ibrahim Zeid Mastering CAD/CAM – McGraw Hill, International Edition, 2007.
5. William M Neumann and Robert F.Sproul "Principles of Computer Graphics", Mc Graw Hill Book Co. Singapore, 1989.

CD5291   **COMPUTER AIDED TOOLS FOR MANUFACTURING**   **L T P C**
                                                                                    3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
- The purpose of this course is to make the students to get familiarized with various computer aided tools that can be implemented in various industrial applications

UNIT I   **COMPUTER AIDED MANUFACTURING**   **9**
Manufacturing Processes – Removing, Forming, Deforming and joining – Integration equipments. Integrating CAD, NC and CAM – Machine tools – Point to point and continuous path machining, NC, CNC and DNC – NC Programming – Basics, Languages, G Code, M Code, APT – Tool path generation and verification – CAD/CAM NC Programming – Production Control – Cellular Manufacturing

UNIT II   **COMPUTER AIDED PROCESS PLANNING**   **9**
Role of process planning in CAD/CAM Integration – Computer Aided Process Planning – Development, Benefits, Model and Architecture – CAPP Approaches – Variant, Generative and Hybrid – Process and Planning systems – CAM-I, D-CLASS and CMPP – Criteria in selecting a CAPP System.

UNIT III   **COMPUTER AIDED INSPECTION**   **9**
Engineering Tolerances – Need for Tolerances – Conventional Tolerances – FITS and LIMITS – Tolerance Accumulation and Surface quality – Geometric Tolerances – Tolerances Practices in design, Drafting and manufacturing – Tolerance Analysis – Tolerance synthesis – Computer Aided Quality control – Contact Inspection Methods – Non Contact Inspection Methods - Non optical.

UNIT IV   **REVERSE ENGINEERING**   **9**
Scope and tasks of Reverse Engineering – Domain Analysis – Process Duplicating – Tools for RE – Developing Technical data – Digitizing techniques – Construction of surface model – Solid part model – Characteristic evaluation – Software's and its application – CMM and its feature capturing – surface and solid modeling.

UNIT V   **DATA MANAGEMENT**   **9**
Strategies for Reverse Engineering Data management – Software application – Finding renewable software components – Recycling real time embedded software – Design experiments to evaluate a RE tools – Rule based detection for RE user interface – RE of assembly programs

                                                        TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
- It helps the students to get familiarized with computer aided tools for various industrial applications which includes manufacturing, process planning, inspection, data management and reverse engineering.

REFERENCES
1. Catherine A. Ingle, "Reverse Engineering", Tata Mc Graw Hill Publication, 1994
2. David D. Bedworth, Mark R. Henderson, Philp M. Wolfe, "Computer Integrated Design and manufacturing", Mc Graw Hill International series, 1991
3. Donald R. Honra, "Co-ordinate measurement and reverse Engineering, American Gear Manufacturers Association.
4. Ibrahim Zeid and R. Sivasubramanian, "CAD/CAM Theory and Practice", Revised First special Indian Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publication, 2007
5. Ibrahim Zeid, "Mastering CAD/CAM", special Indian Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publication, 2007
6. Linda Wills, "Reverse Engineering" Kluwer Academic Press, 1996

CC5101   **COMPETITIVE MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS**   **L T P C**
                                                                                  3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
To emphasize the knowledge on the quality improvement, automation, and advanced manufacturing techniques to create the highest-caliber products quickly, efficiently, inexpensively, and in synchronization with the marketing, sales, and customer service of the company.

UNIT I   **MANUFACTURING IN A COMPETITIVE ENVIRONMENT**   **9**
Automation of manufacturing process - Numerical control - Adaptive control - material handling and movement - Industrial robots - Sensor technology - flexible fixtures - Design for assembly, disassembly and service.

UNIT II   **GROUP TECHNOLOGY & FLEXIBLE MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS**   **9**
Part families - classification and coding - Production flow analysis - Machine cell design - Benefits. Components of FMS - Application work stations - Computer control and functions - Planning, scheduling and control of FMS - Scheduling - Knowledge based scheduling - Hierarchy of computer control - Supervisory computer.

UNIT III   **COMPUTER SOFTWARE, SIMULATION AND DATABASE OF FMS**   **9**
System issues - Types of software - specification and selection - Trends - Application of simulation - software - Manufacturing data systems - data flow - CAD/CAM considerations - Planning FMS database.

UNIT IV   **LEAN MANUFACTURING:**   **9**
Origin of lean production system – Customer focus – Muda (waste) – Standards – 5S system – Total Productive Maintenance – standardized work –Man power reduction – Overall efficiency - Kaizen – Common layouts - Principles of JIT - Jidoka concept – Poka-Yoke (mistake proofing) - Worker Involvement– Quality circle activity – Kaizen training - Suggestion Programmes – Hoshin Planning System (systematic planning methodology) – Lean culture.

UNIT V   **JUST IN TIME**   **9**
Characteristics of JIT - Pull method - quality -small lot sizes - work station loads - close supplier ties – flexible work force - line flow strategy - preventive maintenance - Kanban system - strategic implications - implementation issues - Lean manufacture.
                                                                           TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
* To impart knowledge on the pace of changes in the manufacturing technology

REFERENCES
1. Groover M.P., "Automation, Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing ", Third Edition, Prentice-Hall, 2007.
2. Jha, N.K. "Handbook of Flexible Manufacturing Systems ", Academic Press Inc., 1991.
3. Kalpkjian, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology ", Addison-Wesley Publishing Co., 1995.
4. Pascal Dennis, "Lean Production Simplified: A Plain-Language Guide to the World's Most Powerful Production System", (Second edition), Productivity Press, New York, 2007.
5. Taiichi Ohno, Toyota Production System Beyond Large-Scale Production, Productivity Press, 1988

ED5153   **ADVANCED FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS**   **L T P C**
                                                                  3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
- To develop a thorough understanding of the advanced finite element analysis techniques with an ability to effectively use the tools of the analysis for solving practical problems arising in engineering design

UNIT I   BENDING OF PLATES AND SHELLS   9
Review of Elasticity Equations – Bending of Plates and Shells – Finite Element Formulation of Plate and Shell Elements - Conforming and Non-Conforming Elements – C0 and C1 Continuity Elements –Degenerated shell elements- Application and Examples.

UNIT II   NON-LINEAR PROBLEMS   9
Introduction – Iterative Techniques – Material non-linearity – Elasto Plasticity – Plasticity – Visco Plasticity – Geometric Non linearity – large displacement Formulation –Solution procedure-Application in Metal Forming Process and Contact Problems.

UNIT III   DYNAMIC PROBLEM   9
Direct Formulation – Free, Transient and Forced Response – Solution Procedures – Eigen solution-Subspace Iterative Technique – Response analysis-Houbolt, Wilson, Newmark – Methods – Explicit & Implict Methods- Lanchzos, Reduced method for large size system equations.

UNIT IV   FLUID MECHANICS AND HEAT TRANSFER   9
Governing Equations of Fluid Mechanics – Solid structure interaction - Inviscid and Incompressible Flow – Potential Formulations – Slow Non-Newtonian Flow – Metal and Polymer Forming – Navier Stokes Equation – Steady and Transient Solution.

UNIT V   ERROR ESTIMATES AND ADAPTIVE REFINEMENT   9
Error norms and Convergence rates – h-refinement with adaptivity – Adaptive refinement.

OUTCOMES:
1. The students will understand the Finite Element Formulation of Plate and Shell Elements and its application.
2. The students will be able to gain knowledge in material & geometric non-and plasticity.
3. The students will be able to solve problems under dynamic conditions by applying various techniques.
4. The students can arrive at the solutions for fluid mechanics and heat transfer problems.
5. The students will acquire knowledge in error norms, convergence rates and refinement.
6. The students will solve the real world engineering problems using FEA.

                                                                  TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
REFERENCES:
1. Bathe K.J., "Finite Element Procedures in Engineering Analysis", Prentice Hall, 1990.
2. Cook R.D., "Concepts and Applications of Finite Element Analysis", John Wiley and Sons Inc., New york, 1989.
3. Zienkiewicz, O.C. and Taylor, R.L., "The Finite Element Method", Fourth Edition, Volumes 1 & 2, McGraw Hill International Edition, Physics Services, 1991.

ED5161   **CAD LABORATORY**   **L T P C**
                                                                              0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVE:
- To impart knowledge on how to prepare drawings for various mechanical components using any commercially available 3D modeling software's

- ❖ **CAD** Introduction.
- ❖ **Sketcher**
- ❖ **Solid modeling** –Extrude, Revolve, Sweep, etc and Variational sweep, Loft ,etc
- ❖ **Surface modeling** –Extrude, Sweep, Trim ..etc and Mesh of curves, Free form etc
- ❖ **Feature manipulation** – Copy, Edit, Pattern, Suppress, History operations etc.
- ❖ **Assembly**-Constraints, Exploded Views, Interference check
- ❖ **Drafting**-Layouts, Standard & Sectional Views, Detailing & Plotting.
- ❖ **CAD data Exchange formats-** IGES, PDES, PARASOLID, DXF and STL

Exercises in Modeling and drafting of Mechanical Components - Assembly using Parametric and feature based Packages like PRO-E / SOLID WORKS /CATIA / NX etc

OUTCOME:
- With laboratory classes, it helps the students to get familiarized with the computer applications in design and preparing drawings for various mechanical components.

                                                              TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

ED5162   **ADVANCED ANALYSIS AND SIMULATION LABORATORY**   **L T P C**
                                                                                    0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:
- To give exposure to software tools needed to analyze engineering problems.
- To expose the students to different applications of simulation and analysis tools.

A. SIMULATION
1. MATLAB basics, Dealing with matrices, Graphing-Functions of one variable and two variables
2. Use of Matlab to solve simple problems in vibration
3. Mechanism Simulation using Multibody Dynamic software

B. ANALYSIS
1. Force and Stress analysis using link elements in Trusses, cables etc.
2. Stress and deflection analysis in beams with different support conditions.
3. Stress analysis of flat plates and simple shells.
4. Stress analysis of axi – symmetric components.
5. Thermal stress and heat transfer analysis of plates.
6. Thermal stress analysis of cylindrical shells.
7. Vibration analysis of spring-mass systems.
8. Model analysis of Beams.
9. Harmonic, transient and spectrum analysis of simple systems.

                                                              TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
- Upon completion of this course, the Students can model, analyse and simulate experiments to meet real world system and evaluate the performance.

CC5291   DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURE, ASSEMBLY AND ENVIRONMENTS   L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
- To know the concept of design for manufacturing, assembly and environment.
- To know the computer application in design for manufacturing and assembly.

UNIT I   INTRODUCTION   5
General design principles for manufacturability - strength and mechanical factors, mechanisms selection, evaluation method, Process capability - Feature tolerances Geometric tolerances - Assembly limits -Datum features - Tolerance stacks.

UNIT II   FACTORS INFLUENCING FORM DESIGN   13
Working principle, Material, Manufacture, Design- Possible solutions - Materials choice – Influence of materials on form design - form design of welded members, forgings and castings.

UNIT III   COMPONENT DESIGN - MACHINING CONSIDERATION   8
Design features to facilitate machining - drills - milling cutters - keyways - Doweling procedures, counter sunk screws - Reduction of machined area- simplification by separation - simplification by amalgamation - Design for machinability - Design for economy - Design for clampability – Design for accessibility - Design for assembly – Product design for manual assembly - Product design for automatic assembly – Robotic assembly.

UNIT IV   COMPONENT DESIGN – CASTING CONSIDERATION   10
Redesign of castings based on Parting line considerations - Minimizing core requirements, machined holes, redesign of cast members to obviate cores. Identification of uneconomical design - Modifying the design - group technology - Computer Applications for DFMA

UNIT V   DESIGN FOR THE ENVIRONMENT   9
Introduction – Environmental objectives – Global issues – Regional and local issues – Basic DFE methods – Design guide lines – Example application – Lifecycle assessment – Basic method – AT&T's environmentally responsible product assessment - Weighted sum assessment method – Lifecycle assessment method – Techniques to reduce environmental impact – Design to minimize material usage – Design for disassembly – Design for recyclability – Design for manufacture – Design for energy efficiency – Design to regulations and standards.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
- To make the students get acquainted with the design for manufacturing, assembly and environment.

REFERENCES:
1. Boothroyd, G, 1980 Design for Assembly Automation and Product Design. New York, Marcel Dekker.
2. Boothroyd, G, Heartz and Nike, Product Design for Manufacture, Marcel Dekker, 1994.
3. Bralla, Design for Manufacture handbook, McGraw hill, 1999.
4. Dickson, John. R, and Corroda Poly, Engineering Design and Design for Manufacture and Structural Approach, Field Stone Publisher, USA, 1995.
5. Fixel, J. Design for the Environment McGraw Hill., 1996.
6. Graedel T. Allen By. B, Design for the Environment Angle Wood Cliff, Prentice Hall. Reason Pub., 1996.
7. Harry Peck , Designing for manufacture, Pitman– 1973
8. Kevin Otto and Kristin Wood, Product Design. Pearson Publication, (Fourth Impression) 2009.

CC5292   **ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING AND TOOLING**   **L T P C**
                                                                     3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
To educate students with fundamental and advanced knowledge in the field of Additive manufacturing technology and the associated Aerospace, Architecture, Art, Medical and industrial applications

UNIT I   INTRODUCTION: 9
Need - Development of AM systems – AM process chain - Impact of AM on Product Development - Virtual Prototyping- Rapid Tooling – RP to AM -Classification of AM processes-Benefits-Applications.

UNIT II   REVERSE ENGINEERING AND CAD MODELING: 9
Basic concept- Digitization techniques – Model reconstruction – Data Processing for Rapid Prototyping: CAD model preparation, Data requirements – Geometric modeling techniques: Wire frame, surface and solid modeling – data formats - Data interfacing, Part orientation and support generation, Support structure design, Model Slicing, Tool path generation-Software for AM- Case studies.

UNIT III   LIQUID BASED AND SOLID BASED ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING
                   SYSTEMS   9
Stereolithography Apparatus (SLA): Principle, pre-build process, part-building and post-build processes, photo polymerization of SL resins, part quality and process planning, recoating issues, materials, advantages, limitations and applications. Solid Ground Curing (SGC): working principle, process, strengths, weaknesses and applications. Fused deposition Modeling (FDM): Principle, details of processes, process variables, types, products, materials and applications. Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM): Working Principles, details of processes, products, materials, advantages, limitations and applications - Case studies.

UNIT IV   POWDER BASED ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS   9
Selective Laser Sintering (SLS): Principle, process, Indirect and direct SLS- powder structures, materials, post processing, surface deviation and accuracy, Applications. Laser Engineered Net Shaping (LENS): Processes, materials, products, advantages, limitations and applications– Case Studies.

UNIT V   TOOLING   9
Classification, Soft tooling, Production tooling, Bridge tooling, direct and indirect tooling, Fabrication processes, Applications Case studies automotive, aerospace and electronics industries
                                                                TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
OUTCOMES:
The students will be able to
   1. Understand history, concepts and terminology of additive manufacturing
   2. Apply the reverse engineering concepts for design development
   3. Understand the variety of additive manufacturing techniques
   4. Design and develop newer tooling models
   5. Analyse the cases relevant to mass customization and some of the important research challenges associated with AM and its data processing tools

REFERENCES:
1. Chua, C.K., Leong K.F. and Lim C.S., "Rapid prototyping: Principles and applications", second edition, World Scientific Publishers, 2010.
2. Gebhardt, A., "Rapid prototyping", Hanser Gardener Publications, 2003.
3. Gibson, I., Rosen, D.W. and Stucker, B., "Additive Manufacturing Methodologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing", Springer, 2010.
4. Hilton, P.D. and Jacobs, P.F., Rapid Tooling: Technologies and Industrial Applications, CRC press, 2005.

5. Kamrani, A.K. and Nasr, E.A., "Rapid Prototyping: Theory and practice", Springer, 2006.
6. Liou, L.W. and Liou, F.W., "Rapid Prototyping and Engineering applications : A tool box for prototype development", CRC Press, 2011.

ED5252   **MECHANICAL BEHAVIOR OF MATERIALS**   **L T P C**
                                                                     3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
- To know the mechanical behavior of both metallic and non-metallic materials under different loading and temperature conditions.

UNIT I   BASIC CONCEPTS OF MATERIAL BEHAVIOR   10
Elasticity in metals and polymers– Strengthening mechanisms, work hardening, solid solutioning, grain boundary strengthening, poly phase mixture, precipitation, particle, fibre and dispersion strengthening. Effect of temperature, strain and strain rate on plastic behaviour – Super plasticity – . Griffith's theory,– Ductile, brittle transition in steel – High temperature fracture, creep – Larson Miller parameter – Deformation and fracture mechanism maps.

UNIT II   BEHAVIOUR UNDER DYNAMIC LOADS AND DESIGN APPROACHES   10
Stress intensity factor and fracture toughness – Fatigue, low and high cycle fatigue test, crack initiation and propagation mechanisms and Paris law.- Safe life, Stress life, strain-life and fail - safe design approaches -Effect of surface and metallurgical parameters on fatigue – Fracture of non metallic materials – Failure analysis, sources of failure, procedure of failure analysis.

UNIT III   SELECTION OF MATERIALS   10
Motivation for selection, cost basis and service requirements – Selection for mechanical properties, strength, toughness, fatigue and creep – Selection for surface durability corrosion and wear resistance – Relationship between materials selection and processing – Case studies in materials selection with relevance to aero, auto, marine, machinery and nuclear applications – Computer aided materials selection.

UNIT IV   MODERN METALLIC MATERIALS   8
Dual phase steels, High strength low alloy (HSLA) steel, Transformation induced plasticity (TRIP) Steel, Maraging steel, Nitrogen steel – Intermetallics, Ni and Ti aluminides – smart materials, shape memory alloys – Metallic glass and nano crystalline materials.

UNIT V   NON METALLIC MATERIALS   7
Polymeric materials – Formation of polymer structure – Production techniques of fibers, foams, adhesives and coating – structure, properties and applications of engineering polymers – Advanced structural ceramics, WC, TIC, TaC, Al2O3, SiC, Si3N4 CBN and diamond – properties, processing and applications.

                                                                     TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
OUTCOME:
- To familiarize the researchers in the area of material behavior under different loading and selection of materials for the design of engineering structures.

REFERENCES:
1. Ashby M.F., materials selection in Mechanical Design 2nd Edition, Butter worth 1999.
2. Charles, J.A., Crane, F.A.A. and Fumess, J.A.G., Selection and use of engineering materials, (34d edition), Butterworth-Heiremann, 1997.
3. Flinn, R.A., and Trojan, P.K., Engineering Materials and their Applications, (4th Edition) Jaico, 1999.
4. George E.Dieter, Mechanical Metallurgy, McGraw Hill, 1988
5. Metals Hand book, Vol.10, Failure Analysis and Prevention, (10th Edition), Jaico, 1999.
6. Thomas H. Courtney, Mechanical Behavior of Materials, (2nd edition), McGraw Hill, 2000

PD5251   INTEGRATED PRODUCT DESIGN AND PROCESS   L T P C
**   DEVELOPMENT**[**]   **3 2 0 4**

OBJECTIVE

The course aims at providing the basic concepts of product design, product features and its architecture so that student can have a basic knowledge in the common features a product has and how to incorporate them suitably in product.

UNIT I   INTRODUCTION   8

Need for IPPD-Strategic importance of Product development - integration of customer, designer, material supplier and process planner, Competitor and customer - behavior analysis. Understanding customer-promoting customer understanding-involve customer in development and managing requirements - Organization process management and improvement

UNIT II   CONCEPT GENERATION, SELECTION AND TESTING   10

Plan and establish product specifications. Task - Structured approaches - clarification - search-externally and internally-Explore systematically - reflect on the solutions and processes - concept selection - methodology - benefits. Implications - Product change - variety - component standardization - product performance - manufacturability – Concept Testing Methodologies.

UNIT III   PRODUCT ARCHITECTURE   8

Product development management - establishing the architecture - creation - clustering - geometric layout development - Fundamental and incidental interactions - related system level design issues - secondary systems -architecture of the chunks - creating detailed interface specifications-Portfolio Architecture.

UNIT IV   INDUSTRIAL DESIGN   8

Integrate process design - Managing costs - Robust design - Integrating CAE, CAD, CAM tools – Simulating product performance and manufacturing processes electronically - Need for industrial design-impact – design process - investigation of customer needs - conceptualization - refinement - management of the industrial design process - technology driven products - user - driven products - assessing the quality of industrial design.

UNIT V   DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURING AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT   11

Definition - Estimation of Manufacturing cost-reducing the component costs and assembly costs – Minimize system complexity - Prototype basics - Principles of prototyping - Planning for prototypes - Economic Analysis - Understanding and representing tasks-baseline project planning - accelerating the project-project execution.

                                                          TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

[**]a Term Project/Presentation must be given for Assessment – 3 (Compulsory)
OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course the student will be able to

- Understand the integration of customer requirements in product design
- Apply structural approach to concept generation, selection and testing
- Understand various aspects of design such as industrial design , design for manufacture , economic analysis and product architecture

REFERENCES:

1. Concurrent Engg./Integrated Product Development. Kemnneth Crow, DRM Associates, 6/3, ViaOlivera, Palos Verdes, CA 90274(310) 377-569,Workshop Book
2. Effective Product Design and Development, Stephen Rosenthal, Business One Orwin, Homewood, 1992,ISBN, 1-55623-603-4
3. Product Design and Development, Karl T.Ulrich and Steven D.Eppinger, McGraw –Hill International Edns.1999
4. Tool Design – Integrated Methods for successful Product Engineering, Stuart Pugh, Addison Wesley Publishing,Neyourk,NY,1991, ISBN 0-202-41639-5
5. www.me.mit/2.7444

CC5211	**CAM LABORATORY**	**L T P C**
		0 0 2 1

Simulation and Machining using CNC / DNC Machine Tools – Use of FEM Packages - Relational Data Base – Networking – Practice on Computer Aided Measuring Instruments – Image Processing – Software Development for Manufacturing – CNC Controllers – Use of advanced CNC Machining Packages – Business Data Processing.

EQUIPMENTS FOR CAM LAB
1. CAM Software for tool path generation for planer machining, contour machining, drilling, turning etc. & post processing modulus for different CNC controllers : 10 Nos
2. Medium production type CNC turning center with popular industrial type controller : 1
3. Medium production type CNC machining center with popular industrial type controller : 1
4. Bench Model CMM : 1
5. Vision & image processing software : 2
6. Data Processing Software : 2

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

CC5212	**DESIGN PROJECT**	**L T P C**
		0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVE:
- It is proposed to carryout detailed design calculations and analysis of any mechanical component or mechanical system. This helps the students to get familiar with respect to the design methodologies applied to any component or mechanical system subjected to static, dynamic and thermo-mechanical loads.

Each student is required to select any new component or an integrated mechanical system that involves various sub components which are to be designed as per design standards and further required to be analyzed for optimum dimensions with respect to the strength and stiffness.

OUTCOME:
- It helps the students to get familiarized with respect to design standards, design calculations and analysis in designing any mechanical component or system.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

PD5091	**PRODUCT LIFECYCLE MANAGEMENT**	**L T P C**
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
To understand history, concepts and terminology of PLM
To understand functions and features of PLM/PDM
To understand different modules offered in commercial PLM/PDM tools
To understand PLM/PDM implementation approaches
To understand integration of PLM/PDM with other applications

UNIT I   HISTORY, CONCEPTS AND TERMINOLOGY OF PLM   9
Introduction to PLM, Need for PLM, opportunities of PLM, Different views of PLM - Engineering Data Management (EDM), Product Data Management (PDM), Collaborative Product Definition Management (cPDm), Collaborative Product Commerce (CPC), Product Lifecycle Management (PLM).PLM/PDM Infrastructure – Network and Communications, Data Management, Heterogeneous data sources and applications.

UNIT II   PLM/PDM FUNCTIONS AND FEATURES   9
User Functions –Data Vault and Document Management, Workflow and Process Management, Product Structure Management, Product Classification and Programme Management. Utility Functions – Communication and Notification, data transport, data translation, image services, system administration and application integration.

UNIT III   DETAILS OF MODULES IN A PDM/PLM SOFTWARE   9
Case studies based on top few commercial PLM/PDM tools

UNIT IV   ROLE OF PLM IN INDUSTRIES   9
Case studies on PLM selection and implementation (like auto, aero, electronic) - other possible sectors, PLM visioning, PLM strategy, PLM feasibility study, change management for PLM, financial justification of PLM, barriers to PLM implementation, ten step approach to PLM, benefits of PLM for–business, organisation, users, product or service, process performance.

UNIT V   BASICS ON CUSTOMISATION/INTEGRATION OF PDM/PLM SOFTWARE   9
PLM Customization, use of EAI technology (Middleware), Integration with legacy data base, CAD, SLM and ERP

                                                                TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
OUTCOMES:
The students will be able to
1. Understand history, concepts and terminology of PLM.
2. Apply the functions and features of PLM/PDM.
3. Understand different modules offered in commercial PLM/PDM tools.
4. Understand PLM/PDM implementation approaches.
5. Integrate PLM/PDM with other applications.
6. Analyse the case studies.

REFERENCES
1. Antti Saaksvuori and Anselmi Immonen, "Product Lifecycle Management", Springer Publisher, 2008 (3rd Edition).
2. International Journal of Product Lifecycle Management, Inderscience Publishers
3. Ivica Crnkovic, Ulf Asklund and Annita Persson Dahlqvist, "Implementing and Integrating Product Data Management and Software Configuration Management", Artech House Publishers, 2003.
4. John Stark, "Global Product: Strategy, Product Lifecycle Management and the Billion Customer Question", Springer Publisher, 2007.
5. John Stark, "Product Lifecycle Management: 21st Century Paradigm for Product Realisation", Springer Publisher, 2011 (2nd Edition).
6. Michael Grieves, "Product Life Cycle Management", Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.

CC5311   **PROJECT WORK PHASE I**   **L T P C**
                                                                          0 0 12 6

OBJECTIVES:
- To identify a specific problem for the current need of the society and collecting information related to the same through detailed review of literature.
- To develop the methodology to solve the identified problem.
- To train the students in preparing project reports and to face reviews and viva-voce examination.

SYLLABUS: The student individually works on a specific topic approved by the head of the division under the guidance of a faculty member who is familiar in this area of interest. The student can select any topic which is relevant to the area of engineering design. The topic may be theoretical or case studies. At the end of the semester, a detailed report on the work done should be submitted which contains clear definition of the identified problem, detailed literature review related to the area of work and methodology for carrying out the work. The students will be evaluated through a viva-voce examination by a panel of examiners including one external examiner.

TOTAL: 180 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
At the end of the course the students will have a clear idea of their area of work and they will be in a position to carry out the remaining phase II work in a systematic way.

CC5411   **PROJECT WORK PHASE II**   **L T P C**
                                                                          0 0 24 12

OBJECTIVES:
- To solve the identified problem based on the formulated methodology.
- To develop skills to analyze and discuss the test results, and make conclusions.

SYLLABUS:
The student should continue the phase I work on the selected topic as per the formulated methodology under the same supervisor. At the end of the semester, after completing the work to the satisfaction of the supervisor and review committee, a detailed report should be prepared and submitted to the head of the department. The students will be evaluated based on the report submitted and the viva-voce examination by a panel of examiners including one external examiner

TOTAL: 360 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
- On completion of the project work students will be in a position to take up any challenging practical problem in the field of engineering design and find better solutions to it.

CC5001   **COMPUTER CONTROL IN PROCESS PLANNING**   **L T P C**
                                                                       3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE
- To provide the student with an understanding of the importance of process planning role in manufacturing and the application of Computer Aided Process Planning tool in the present manufacturing scenario

UNIT I   INTRODUCTION   9
The Place of Process Planning in the Manufacturing cycle - Process Planning and Production Planning – Process Planning and Concurrent Engineering, CAPP, Group Technology.

UNIT II   PART DESIGN REPRESENTATION   9

Design Drafting - Dimensioning - Conventional tolerance - Geometric tolerance - CAD - input / output devices - topology - Geometric transformation - Perspective transformation - Data structure - Geometric modelling for process planning - GT coding - The optiz system - The MICLASS system.

UNIT III   PROCESS ENGINEERING AND PROCESS PLANNING   9

Experienced, based planning - Decision table and decision trees - Process capability analysis - Process Planning - Variant process planning - Generative approach - Forward and Backward planning, Input format, **AI.**

UNIT IV   COMPUTER AIDED PROCESS PLANNING SYSTEMS   9

Logical Design of a Process Planning - Implementation considerations -manufacturing system components, production Volume, No. of production families - CAM-I, CAPP, MIPLAN, APPAS, AUTOPLAN and PRO, CPPP.

UNIT V   AN INTERGRADED PROCESS PLANNING SYSTEMS   9

Totally integrated process planning systems - An Overview - Modulus structure - Data Structure, operation - Report Generation, Expert process planning.

                 TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- Have a sound knowledge in process planning
- Handle computer aided process planning tool

REFERENCES
1. Chang, T.C., " An Expert Process Planning System ", Prentice Hall, 1985.
2. Gideon Halevi and Roland D. Weill, " Principles of Process Planning ", A logical approach, Chapman & Hall, 1995.
3. Nanua Singh, " Systems Approach to Computer Integrated Design and Manufacturing ", John Wiley & Sons, 1996.
4. Rao, "Computer Aided Manufacturing ", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., 2000.
5. Tien-Chien Chang, Richard A.Wysk, "An Introduction to automated process planning systems ", Prentice Hall, 1985.

WEB REFERENCES:
1. http://claymore.engineer.gusu.edu/jackh/eod/automate/capp/capp.htm
2. http://Estraj.ute.sk/journal/engl/027/027.htm

ED5071   **OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES IN DESIGN**   **L T P C**
                                   3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
- To impart knowledge on various categories of existing engineering problems and solutions to such problems through different optimization techniques and approaches.

UNIT I   UNCONSTRAINED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES   10

Introduction to optimum design - General principles of optimization – Problem formulation & their classifications - Single variable and multivariable optimization, Techniques of unconstrained minimization – Golden section, Random, pattern and gradient search methods – Interpolation methods.

UNIT II   CONSTRAINED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES   10

Optimization with equality and inequality constraints - Direct methods – Indirect methods using penalty functions, Lagrange multipliers - Geometric programming

UNIT III ADVANCED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES 10

Multi stage optimization – dynamic programming; stochastic programming; Multi objective optimization, Genetic algorithms and Simulated Annealing techniques; Neural network & Fuzzy logic principles in optimization.

UNIT IV STATIC APPLICATIONS 8

Structural applications – Design of simple truss members - Design applications – Design of simple axial, transverse loaded members for minimum cost, weight – Design of shafts and torsionally loaded members – Design of springs.

UNIT V DYNAMIC APPLICATIONS 7

Dynamic Applications – Optimum design of single, two degree of freedom systems, vibration absorbers. Application in Mechanisms – Optimum design of simple linkage mechanisms.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

- It helps the students to get familiarized with the different approaches of optimizing (maximizing or minimizing) an engineering problem or a function.

REFERENCES

1. Goldberg, D.E., "Genetic algorithms in search, optimization and machine", Barnen, Addison-Wesley, New York, 1989.
2. Johnson Ray, C., "Optimum design of mechanical elements", Wiley, John & Sons, 1990.
3. Kalyanamoy Deb, "Optimization for Engineering design algorithms and Examples", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. 1995.
4. Rao, Singaresu, S., "Engineering Optimization – Theory & Practice", New Age International (P) Limited, New Delhi, 2000.

ED5092	ADVANCED MECHANICS OF MATERIALS	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To know the fundamentals of mechanics of materials under various loading conditions.

UNIT I ELASTICITY 9

Stress-Strain relations and general equations of elasticity in Cartesian, Polar and curvilinear coordinates, differential equations of equilibrium-compatibility-boundary conditions-representation of three-dimensional stress of a tension generalized hook's law - St. Venant's principle – plane stress - Airy's stress function. Energy methods.

UNIT II SHEAR CENTER AND UNSYMMETRICAL BENDING 10

Location of shear center for various thin sections - shear flows. Stresses and Deflections in beams subjected to unsymmetrical loading-kern of a section.

UNIT III STRESSES IN FLAT PLATES AND CURVED MEMBERS 10

Circumference and radial stresses – deflections - curved beam with restrained ends - closed ring subjected to concentrated load and uniform load - chain links and crane hooks. Solution of rectangular plates – pure bending of plates – deflection – uniformly distributed load – various end conditions

UNIT IV TORSION OF NON-CIRCULAR SECTIONS 7

Torsion of rectangular cross section - St.Venants theory - elastic membrane analogy - Prandtl's stress function - torsional stress in hollow thin walled tubes.

UNIT V   STRESSES IN ROTATING MEMBERS AND CONTACT STRESSES   9

Radial and tangential stresses in solid disc and ring of uniform thickness and varying thickness allowable speeds. Methods of computing contact stress-deflection of bodies in point and line contact applications.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
* It helps the students to be familiarized with the stresses under different loading conditions.

REFERENCES:
1. Allan F. Bower, "Applied Mechanics of Solids", CRC press – Special Indian Edition -2012, 2010
2. Arthur P Boresi, Richard J. Schmidt, "Advanced mechanics of materials",John Wiley, 2002.
3. G H Ryder Strength of Materials Macmillan, India Ltd, 2007.
4. K. Baskar and T.K. Varadan, "Theory of Isotropic/Orthotropic Elasticity", Ane Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009
5. Robert D. Cook, Warren C. Young, "Advanced Mechanics of Materials", Mc-millan pub. Co., 1985.
6. Srinath. L.S., "Advanced Mechanics of solids", Tata McGraw Hill, 1992.
7. Timoshenko and Goodier, "Theory of Elasticity", McGraw Hill.

ED5073	INFORMATION ANALYTICS	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
* To expose the students with fundamental concepts and the tools needed to understand emerging role of information analytics in the organisation.

UNIT – I   DATA ANALYTICS LIFE CYCLE   9
Introduction to Big data Business Analytics - State of the practice in analytics role of data scientists - Key roles for successful analytic project - Main phases of life cycle - Developing core deliverables for stakeholders.

UNIT – II   STATISTICS   9
Sampling Techniques - Data classification, Tabulation, Frequency and Graphic representation - Measures of central value - Arithmetic mean, Geometric mean, Harmonic mean, Mode, Median, Quartiles, Deciles, Percentile - Measures of variation – Range, IQR, Quartile deviation, Mean deviation, standard deviation, coefficient variance, skewness, Moments & Kurtosis.

UNIT – III   PROBABILITY AND HYPOTHESIS TESTING   9
Random variable, distributions, two dimensional R.V, joint probability function, marginal density function. Random vectors - Some special probability distribution - Binomial, Poison, Geometric, uniform, exponential, normal, gamma and Erlang. Multivariate normal distribution - Sampling distribution – Estimation - point, confidence - Test of significance, 1& 2 tailed test, uses of t distribution, F-distribution, $\chi 2$ distribution.

UNIT – IV   PREDICTIVE ANALYTICS   9
Predictive modeling and Analysis - Regression Analysis, Multicollinearity, Correlation analysis, Rank correlation coefficient, Multiple correlation, Least square, Curve fitting and good ness of fit.

UNIT – V   TIME SERIES FORECASTING AND DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS   9
Forecasting Models for Time series: MA, SES, TS with trend, season - Design of Experiments, one way classification, two way classification, ANOVA, Latin square, Factorial Design.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to
1. Understand the importance of data analysis in the design of new products.
2. Carry out statistical analysis.
3. Do probability analysis and hypothesis testing.
4. Perform predictive analysis.
5. Learn the effect of forecasting methods and to apply for business process.
6. Build a reliable, scalable, distributed information system.

REFERENCES:

1. Alberto Cordoba, "Understanding the Predictive Analytics Lifecycle", Wiley, 2014.
2. Chris Eaton, Dirk Deroos,Tom Deutsch et al.,"Understanding Big Data",McGrawHlll, 2012.
3. James R Evans, "Business Analytics – Methods, Models and Decisions", Pearson 2013.
4. R. N. Prasad, Seema Acharya, "Fundamentals of Business Analytics", Wiley, 2015.
5. S M Ross, "Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", Academic Foundation, 2011.

CC5002   MECHATRONICS APPLICATIONS IN MANUFACTURING   L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To impart knowledge about the elements and techniques involved in Mechatronics systems Which are very much essential to understand the emerging field of automation.

UNIT I   INTRODUCTION   9

Introduction to Mechatronics - Systems - Mechatronics in Products - Measurement Systems - Control Systems - Traditional design and Mechatronics Design.

UNIT II   SENSORS AND TRANSDUCERS   9

Introduction - Performance Terminology - Displacement, Position and Proximity - Velocity and Motion - Fluid pressure - Temperature sensors - Light sensors - Selection of sensors – Signal processing - Servo systems.

UNIT III   MICROPROCESSORS IN MECHATRONICS   9

Introduction - Architecture - Pin configuration - Instruction set - Programming of Microprocessors using 8085 instructions - Interfacing input and output devices - Interfacing D/A converters and A/D converters –Applications - Temperature control - Stepper motor control - Traffic light controller.

UNIT IV   PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLERS   9

Introduction - Basic structure - Input / Output processing - Programming -Mnemonics Timers, Internal relays and counters - Data handling - Analog input / output - Selection of PLC.

UNIT V   DESIGN AND MECHATRONICS   9

Designing - Possible design solutions - Case studies of Mechatronics systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Upon completion of this course, the Students can able to design mechatronics system with the help of Microprocessor, PLC and other electrical and Electronics Circuits.

REFERENCES:

1. Bradley, D.A., Dawson, D, Buru, N.C. and Loader, AJ, "Mechatronics ", Chapman and Hall, 1993
2. Ghosh, P.K. and Sridhar, P.R., 0000 to 8085, "Introduction to Microprocessors for Engineers and Scientists ", Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 1995
3. Lawrence J.Kamm, " Understanding Electro-Mechanical Engineering, An Introduction to Mechatronics ", Prentice-Hall, 2000.

4. Michael B.Histand and David G. Alciatore, " Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement Systems", McGraw-Hill International Editions, 1999.
5. Ramesh.S, Gaonkar, "Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications" Wiley Eastern, 1998.

WEB REFERENCE
1. www.cs.Indiana.edu.

CC5003	INDUSTRIAL SAFETY MANAGEMENT	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
- To achieve an understanding of principles of safety management.
- To enable the students to learn about various functions and activities of safety department.
- To enable students to conduct safety audit and write audit reports effectively in auditing situations.
- To have knowledge about sources of information for safety promotion and training.
- To familiarize students with evaluation of safety performance.

UNIT I   SAFETY MANAGEMENT   9
Evaluation of modern safety concepts - Safety management functions - safety organization, safety department - safety committee, safety audit - performance measurements and motivation - employee participation in safety - safety and productivity.

UNIT II   OPERATIONAL SAFETY   9
Hot metal Operation - Boiler, pressure vessels - heat treatment shop - gas furnace operation - electroplating-hot bending pipes - Safety in welding and cutting. Cold-metal Operation - Safety in Machine shop - Cold bending and chamfering of pipes - metal cutting - shot blasting, grinding, painting - power press and other machines.

UNIT III   SAFETY MEASURES   9
Layout design and material handling - Use of electricity - Management of toxic gases and chemicals - Industrial fires and prevention - Road safety - highway and urban safety - Safety of sewage disposal and cleaning - Control of environmental pollution - Managing emergencies in Industries - planning, security and risk assessments, on- site and off site. Control of major industrial hazards.

UNIT IV   ACCIDENT PREVENTION   9
Human side of safety - personal protective equipment - Causes and cost of accidents. Accident prevention programmes - Specific hazard control strategies - HAZOP - Training and development of employees - First Aid- Fire fighting devices - Accident reporting, investigation.

UNIT V   SAFETY, HEALTH, WELFARE & LAWS   9
Safety and health standards - Industrial hygiene - occupational diseases prevention - Welfare facilities - History of legislations related to Safety-pressure vessel act-Indian boiler act - The environmental protection act - Electricity act - Explosive act.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- To understand the functions and activities of safety engineering department.
- To carry out a safety audit and prepare a report for the audit.
- To prepare an accident investigation report.
- To estimate the accident cost using supervisors report and data.
- To evaluate the safety performance of an organization from accident records.
- To identify various agencies, support institutions and government organizations involved in safety training and promotion.

REFERENCES:
1. Industrial safety and the law by P.M.C. Nair Publisher's, Trivandrum.
2. John V. Grimaldi and Rollin H. Simonds, "Safety Management", All India Travellers bookseller, New Delhi-1989.
3. Krishnan N.V., "Safety in Industry", Jaico Publisher House, 1996
4. Managing emergencies in industries, Loss Prevention of India Ltd., Proceedings,1999.
5. Occupational Safety Manual BHEL.
6. Safety security and risk management by U.K. Singh & J.M. Dewan, A.P.H. Publishing company, New Delhi, 1996.
7. Singh, U.K. and Dewan, J.M., "Safety, Security and risk management", APH Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1996.

CD5071	ADVANCED TOOL DESIGN	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
- The purpose of this course is to make the students to get familiarized with the design of various tools that can be implemented for different mechanical operations

UNIT I   INTRODUCTION TO TOOL DESIGN   8
Introduction –Tool Engineering – Tool Classifications– Tool Design Objectives – Tool Design in manufacturing- Challenges and requirements- Standards in tool design-Tool drawings -Surface finish – Fits and Tolerances - Tooling Materials- Ferrous and Non ferrous Tooling Materials- Carbides, Ceramics and Diamond -Non metallic tool materials-Designing with relation to heat treatment

UNIT II   DESIGN OF CUTTING TOOLS   9
Mechanics of Metal cutting – Oblique and orthogonal cutting- Chip formation and shear angle - Single-point cutting tools – Milling cutters – Hole making cutting tools- Broaching Tools - Design of Form relieved and profile relieved cutters-Design of gear and thread milling cutters

UNIT III   DESIGN OF JIGS AND FIXTURES   10
Introduction – Fixed Gages – Gage Tolerances –selection of material for Gages – Indicating Gages – Automatic gages – Principles of location – Locating methods and devices – Principles of clamping – Drill jigs – Chip formation in drilling – General considerations in the design of drill jigs – Drill bushings – Methods of construction –Thrust and Turning Moments in drilling - Drill jigs and modern manufacturing- Types of Fixtures – Vise Fixtures – Milling Fixtures – Boring Fixtures – Broaching Fixtures – Lathe Fixtures – Grinding Fixtures – Modular Fixtures – Cutting Force Calculations.

UNIT IV   DESIGN OF PRESS TOOL DIES   10
Types of Dies –Method of Die operation–Clearance and cutting force calculations- Blanking and Piercing die design – Pilots – Strippers and pressure pads- Presswork materials – Strip layout – Short-run tooling for Piercing – Bending dies – Forming dies – Drawing dies-Design and drafting.

UNIT V   TOOL DESIGN FOR CNC MACHINE TOOLS   8
Introduction –Tooling requirements for Numerical control systems – Fixture design for CNC machine tools- Sub plate and tombstone fixtures-Universal fixtures– Cutting tools– Tool holding methods– Automatic tool changers and tool positioners – Tool presetting– General explanation of the Brown and Sharp machine.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
- It helps the students to get familiarized with advanced tool design for various mechanical operations which includes cutting, jigs and fixtures, press tool dies and modern CNC machine tools.

REFERENCES:
1. Cyrll Donaldson, George H.LeCain, V.C. Goold, "Tool Design", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2000.
2. E.G. Hoffman," Jig and Fixture Design", Thomson Asia Pvt Ltd, Singapore, 2004
3. Haslehurst M., "Manufacturing Technology", The ELBS, 1978
4. Prakash Hiralal Joshi, "Tooling data", Wheeler Publishing, 2000
5. Venkataraman K., "Design of Jigs, Fixtures and Press tools", TMH, 2005

ED5251	**MECHANISMS DESIGN AND SIMULATION**	**L T P C**
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
- To develop a thorough understanding of the various mechanisms and its design and simulation with an ability to effectively use the various mechanisms in real life problems.

UNIT I   INTRODUCTION   9
Review of fundamentals of kinematics-classifications of mechanisms-components of mechanisms – mobility analysis – formation of one D.O.F. multi loop kinematic chains, Network formula – Gross motion concepts-Basic kinematic structures of serial and parallel robot manipulators-compliant mechanisms-Equivalent mechanisms.

UNIT II   KINEMATIC ANALYSIS   9
Position Analysis – Vector loop equations for four bar, slider crank, inverted slider crank, geared five bar and six bar linkages. Analytical methods for velocity and acceleration Analysis– four bar linkage jerk analysis. Plane complex mechanisms-auxiliary point method. Spatial RSSR mechanism - Denavit - Harten berg Parameters – Forward and inverse kinematics of robot manipulators.

UNIT III   PATH CURVATURE THEORY, COUPLER CURVE   9
Fixed and moving centrodes, inflection points and inflection circle. Euler Savary equation, graphical constructions – cubic of stationary curvature. Four bar coupler curve-cuspcrunode coupler driven six-bar mechanisms-straight line mechanisms

UNIT IV   SYNTHESIS OF FOUR BAR MECHANISMS   9
Type synthesis – Number synthesis – Associated Linkage Concept. Dimensional synthesis – function generation, path generation, motion generation. Graphical methods-Pole technique, inversion technique-point position reduction-two, three and four position synthesis of four- bar mechanisms. Analytical methods- Freudenstein's Equation-Bloch's Synthesis.

UNIT V   SYNTHESIS OF COUPLER CURVE BASED MECHANISMS & CAM
**   MECHANISMS   9**
Cognate Lingages-parallel motion Linkages. Design of six bar mechanisms-single dwell-double dwell-double stroke. Geared five bar mechanism-multi-dwell. Cam Mechanisms- determination of optimum size of cams. Mechanism defects.
Study and use of Mechanism using Simulation Soft-ware packages. Students should design and fabricate a mechanism model as term project.
                                                                        TOTAL : 45 PERIODS
** a Term Project must be given for Assessment – 3 (Compulsory)

OUTCOME:
- It helps the students to get familiarized with the advanced mechanisms which are necessary to design and simulate mechanisms.

REFERENCES:
1. Amitabha Ghosh and Asok Kumar Mallik, "Theory of Mechanism and Machines", EWLP, Delhi, 1999.
2. Kenneth J, Waldron, Gary L. Kinzel, "Kinematics, Dynamics and Design of Machinery", John Wiley-sons, 1999.
3. Ramamurti, V., "Mechanics of Machines", Narosa, 2005.
4. Robert L.Norton., "Design of Machinery",Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.
5. Sandor G.N., and Erdman A.G., "Advanced Mechanism Design Analysis and Synthesis", Prentice Hall, 1984.
6. Uicker, J.J., Pennock, G. R. and Shigley, J.E., "Theory of Machines and Mechanisms", Oxford University Press, 2005.

ED5093	COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES
- This course aims to introduce numerical modeling and its role in the field of heat, fluid flow and combustion it will enable the students to understand the various discretisation methods and solving methodologies and to create confidence to solve complex problems in the field of heat transfer and fluid dynamics.
- To develop finite volume discretized forms of the CFD equations.
- To formulate explicit & implicit algorithms for solving the Euler Equations & Navier Strokes Equations.

UNIT I   GOVERNING DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND DISCRETISATION TECHNIQUES   8

Basics of Heat Transfer, Fluid flow – Mathematical description of fluid flow and heat transfer – Conservation of mass, momentum, energy and chemical species - Classification of partial differential equations – Initial and Boundary Conditions – Discretisation techniques using finite difference methods – Taylor's Series - Uniform and non-uniform Grids, Numerical Errors, Grid Independence Test.

UNIT II   DIFFUSION PROCESSES : FINITE VOLUME METHOD   10

Steady one-dimensional diffusion, Two and three dimensional steady state diffusion problems, Discretisation of unsteady diffusion problems – Explicit, Implicit and Crank- Nicholson's schemes, Stability of schemes.

UNIT III   CONVECTION - DIFFUSION PROCESSES : FINITE VOLUME METHOD   9

One dimensional convection – diffusion problem, Central difference scheme, upwind scheme – Hybrid and power law discretization techniques – QUICK scheme.

UNIT IV   FLOW PROCESSES : FINITE VOLUME METHOD   8

Discretisation of incompressible flow equations – Pressure based algorithms, SIMPLE, SIMPLER & PISO algorithms

UNIT V   MODELING OF COMBUSTION AND TURBULENCE   10

Mechanisms of combustion and Chemical Kinetics, Overall reactions and intermediate reactions, Reaction rate, Governing equations for combusting flows. Simple Chemical Reacting System (SCRS), Turbulence - Algebraic Models, One equation model & $k – \varepsilon$, $k – \omega$ models - Standard and High and Low Reynolds number models.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:
- On successful completion of this course the student will be able to apply the concepts of CFD to analyse the fluid flow and heat transfer in thermal systems.

REFERENCES:
1. Ghoshdastidar, P.S., "Computer Simulation of Flow and Heat Transfer", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 1998.
2. Jiyuan Tu, Guan Heng Yeoh, Chaogun Liu, "Computational Fluid Dynamics A Practical Approach" Butterworth – Heinemann An Imprint of Elsevier, Madison, U.S.A., 2008
3. John D. Anderson . JR. "Computational Fluid Dynamics The Basics with Applications" McGraw- Hill International Editions, 1995.
4. Muralidhar, K., and Sundararajan, T., "Computational Fluid Flow and Heat Transfer", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2003.
5. Subas and V.Patankar "Numerical heat transfer fluid flow", Hemisphere Publishing Corporation,1980.
6. Versteeg and Malalasekera, N, "An Introduction to computational Fluid Dynamics The Finite Volume Method," Pearson Education, Ltd., Second Edition, 2014.

CC5004   **RELIABILITY IN ENGINEERING SYSTEMS**   **L T P C**
                                                                    3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES
- The ability to use statistical tools to characterise the reliability of an item;
- The working knowledge to determine the reliability of a system and suggest approaches to enhancing system reliability;
- The ability to select appropriate reliability validation methods

UNIT I   RELIABILITY CONCEPT   9
Reliability definition – Quality and Reliability– Reliability mathematics – Reliability functions – Hazard rate – Measures of Reliability – Design life –A priori and posteriori probabilities – Mortality of a component –Bath tub curve – Useful life.

UNIT II   FAILURE DATA ANALYSIS   11
Data collection –Empirical methods: Ungrouped/Grouped, Complete/Censored data – Time to failure distributions: Exponential, Weibull – Hazard plotting – Goodness of fit tests.

UNIT III   RELIABILITY ASSESSMENT   10
Different configurations – Redundancy – m/n system – Complex systems: RBD – Baye's method – Cut and tie sets – Fault Tree Analysis – Standby system.

UNIT IV   RELIABILITY MONITORING   8
Life testing methods: Failure terminated – Time terminated – Sequential Testing –Reliability growth monitoring – Reliability allocation – Software reliability.

UNIT V   RELIABILITY IMPROVEMENT   7
Analysis of downtime – Repair time distribution – System MTTR – Maintainability prediction – Measures of maintainability – System Availability – Replacement theory.

                                                            TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
OUTCOMES:
- Analyse the interference between strength and stress, or life data for estimating reliability;
- Apply the appropriate methodologies and tools for enhancing the inherent and actual reliability of components and systems, taking into consideration cost aspects; specify life test plans for reliability validation

REFERENCES
1. Charles E. Ebeling, "An introduction to Reliability and Maintainability engineering", TMH, 2000.
2. Roy Billington and Ronald N. Allan, "Reliability Evaluation of Engineering Systems", Springer, 2007.

INTEGRATED MECHANICAL DESIGN   **L T P C**
   3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
- To know the integrated design procedure of different machine elements for mechanical applications.

UNIT I   FUNDAMENTALS AND DESIGN OF SHAFTS   9
Phases of design – Standardization and interchangeability of machine elements - Process and Function Tolerances – Individual and group tolerances – Selection of fits for different design situations – Design for assembly and modular constructions – Concepts of integration –BIS, ISO, DIN, BS, ASTM Standards. Oblique stresses – Transformation Matrix – Principal stresses – Maximum shear stress - Theories of Failure – Ductile vs. brittle component design - Analysis and Design of shafts for different applications – integrated design of shaft, bearing and casing – Design for rigidity

UNIT II   DESIGN OF GEARS AND GEAR BOXES   9
Principles of gear tooth action – Gear correction – Gear tooth failure modes – Stresses and loads – Component design of spur, helical, bevel and worm gears – Design for sub assembly – Integrated design of speed reducers and multi-speed gear boxes – application of software packages.

UNIT III   BRAKES & CLUTCHES   9
Dynamics and thermal aspects of brakes and clutches – Integrated design of brakes and clutches for machine tools, automobiles and mechanical handling equipments.

UNIT IV   INTEGRATED DESIGN   18
Integrated Design of systems consisting of shaft, bearings, springs, motor, gears, belt, rope, chain, pulleys, Cam & Follower, flywheel etc. Example - Design of Elevators, Escalators, Gear Box, Valve gear Mechanisms, Machine Tools

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

The Pattern of Question Paper will consist of one Question from Unit – 4 for 50% of total marks.
** a Term Project must be given for Assessment – 3 (Compulsory)

OUTCOME:
- This will familiarize the students with the concepts of integration of design of machines and structures.

REFERENCES:
1. Alexandrov, M., Materials Handling Equipments, MIR Publishers, 1981.
2. Boltzharol, A., Materials Handling Handbook, The Ronald Press Company, 1958.
3. Maitra G.M., "Hand Book of Gear Design", Tata McGraw Hill, 1985.
4. Newcomb, T.P. and Spur, R.T., "Automobile Brakes and Braking Systems", Chapman and Hall, 2nd Edition, 1975.
5. Norton L. R., "Machine Design – An Integrated Approach" Pearson Education, 2005
6. Prasad. L. V., "Machine Design", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1992.
7. Shigley, J.E., "Mechanical Engineering Design", McGraw Hill, 1986.

APPROVED DATA BOOKS
1. P.S.G. Tech., "Design Data Book", Kalaikathir Achchagam, Coimbatore, 2003.
2. Lingaiah. K. and Narayana Iyengar, "Machine Design Data Hand Book", Vol. 1 & 2, Suma Publishers, Bangalore, 1983

CC5008   PERFORMANCE MODELING AND ANALYSIS OF MANUFACTURING SYSTEM

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:
- To develop an understanding of the use and benefits of modeling and simulation in manufacturing systems design and operation.
- To develop an understanding of techniques to assess factory performance and identify areas for improvement.
- To develop an understanding of techniques to assess and manufacturing performance.
- To develop an understanding of techniques to enable responsive manufacturing systems. To provide the students with knowledge of a set of tools to enable them to assess the performance of a manufacturing facility

UNIT I   MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS & CONTROL   9
Automated Manufacturing Systems - Modelling - Role of performance modelling – simulation models- Analytical models. Product cycle - Manufacturing automation - Economics of scale and scope - input/output model - plant configurations. Performance measures - Manufacturing leadtime - Work in process -Machine utilization - Throughput – Capacity - Flexibility - performability - Quality. Control Systems - Control system architecture - Factory communications - Local area networks - Factory net works - Open systems interconnection model - Net work to network interconnections - Manufacturing automation protocol - Database management system.

UNIT II   MANUFACTURING PROCESSES   9
Examples of stochastic processes - Poisson process Discrete time Markov chain models - Definition and notation - Sojourn times in states - Examples of DTMCs in manufacturing - Chapman - Kolmogorov equation - Steady-state analysis. Continuous Time Markov Chain Models - Definitions and notation - Sojourn times in states - examples of CTMCs in manufacturing - Equations for CTMC evolution - Markov model of a transfer line. Birth and Death Processes in Manufacturing - Steady state analysis of BD Processes - Typical BD processes in manufacturing.

UNIT III   QUEUING MODELS   9
Notation for queues - Examples of queues in manufacturing systems - Performance measures - Little's result - Steady state analysis of M/M/m queue, queues with general distributions and queues with breakdowns - Analysis of a flexible machine center.

UNIT IV   QUEUING NETWORKS   9
Examples of QN models in manufacturing - Little's law in queuing networks - Tandem queue - An open queuing network with feed back - An open central server model for FMS - Closed transfer line - Closed server model - Garden Newell networks.

UNIT V   PETRI NETS   9
Classical Petri Nets - Definitions - Transition firing and reachability - Representational power - properties - Manufacturing models. Stochastic Petri Nets - Exponential timed Petri Nets - Generalized Stochastic Petri Nets - modelling of KANBAN systems - Manufacturing models.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- Model and simulate the operation of a small manufacturing system.
- Use simulation as a manufacturing system design technique.
- Justify the use of manufacturing modelling and simulation.
- Use techniques such as value stream mapping and IDEF to identify improvements required in a manufacturing system.
- Apply techniques such as design for changeover to improve manufacturing system performance.
- Explain how to use techniques such as experimental design to assess process capability within a manufacturing system.
- Describe current trends in global manufacturing.

REFERENCES
1. Gupta S.C., & Kapoor V.K., "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", 3rd Edition, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 1988.
2. Trivedi, K.S., "Probability and Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Science Applications", Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1982.
3. Viswanadham, N and Narahari, Y. "Performance Modeling of Automated Manufacturing Systems", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1994.

CC5005	METROLOGY AND NON DESTRUCTIVE TESTING	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
- Impart the knowledge of quality assurance and inspection techniques.
- Familiarize with the various inspection and measurement techniques like contact and non-contact measurement by adapting Computer Aided Inspection.
- Impart the knowledge of working principles and calibration of various Systems.

UNIT I   MEASURING MACHINES   9
Tool Maker's microscope - Co-ordinate measuring machines - Universal measuring machine - Laser viewers for production profile checks - Image shearing microscope - Use of computers - Machine vision technology - Microprocessors in metrology.

UNIT II   STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL   9
Data presentation - Statistical measures and tools - Process capability - Confidence and tolerance limits - Control charts for variables and for fraction defectives - Theory of probability - Sampling - ABC standard - Reliability and life testing.

UNIT III   LIQUID PENETRANT AND MAGNETIC PARTICLE TESTS   9
Characteristics of liquid penetrants - different washable systems - Developers - applications - Methods of production of magnetic fields - Principles of operation of magnetic particle test - Applications - Advantages and limitations.

UNIT IV   RADIOGRAPHY   9
Sources of ray-x-ray production - properties of d and x rays - film characteristics - exposure charts - contrasts - operational characteristics of x ray equipment - applications.

UNIT V   ULTRASONIC AND ACOUSTIC EMISSION TECHNIQUES   9
Production of ultrasonic waves - different types of waves - general characteristics of waves - pulse echo method - A, B, C scans - Principles of acoustic emission techniques - Advantages and limitations - Instrumentation - applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- Acquire the knowledge in CMM and Image Processing
- Understand the concept of Laser Metrology and Computer Integrated Quality Assurance
- Acquire knowledge of magnetic particle testing
- Acquire knowledge of ultrasonic and Acoustic emission techniques

REFERENCES:
1. American Society for Metals, " Metals Hand Book ", Vol.II, 1976.
2. Barry Hull and Vernon John, " Non Destructive Testing ", MacMillan, 1988.
3. JAIN, R.K. " Engineering Metrology ", Khanna Publishers, 1997.
4. Progress in Acoustic Emission, " Proceedings of 10th International Acoustic Emission Symposium ", Japanese Society for NDI, 1990.

WEB REFERENCES:
1. www.metrologytooling.com
2. www.sisndt.com
3. www.iuk'tu-harburg.de

CC5006	QUALITY MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE :
- To provide student with the basic understanding of the approaches and techniques to assess and improve process and or product quality and reliability

UNIT I   INTRODUCTION   9
Need for TQM, evolution of quality, Definition of quality, TQM philosophy – Contributions of Deming Juran, Crosby And Ishikawa, TQM Models.

UNIT II   PLANNING   9
Vision, Mission, Quality policy and objective Planning and Organization for quality, Quality policy Deployment, Quality function deployment, introduction to BPR and analysis of Quality Costs.

UNIT III   TQM PRINCIPLES   9
Customer focus, Leadership and Top management commitment, Employee involvement – Empowerment and Team work, Supplier Quality Management, Continuous process improvement, Training, performance Measurement and customer satisfaction.

UNIT IV   TQM TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES   9
PDSA, The Seven Tools of Quality, New Seven management tools, Concept of six sigma, FMEA, Bench Marking, JIT, POKA YOKE, 5S, KAIZEN, Quality circles.

UNIT V   QUALITY SYSTEMS   9
Need for ISO 9000 Systems, clauses Documentation, Implementation, Introduction to ISO14000 and OSHAS18000, Implementation of TQM, Case Studies.

                                                                                      TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- Have good knowledge of quality management principles
- Be well versed with Total Quality Management
- Have good knowledge of quality implementation techniques

REFERENCES
1. Brain Rethery, ISO 9000, Productivity and Quality Publishing Pvt.Ltd., 1993.
2. D.Mills, Quality Auditing, Chapman and Hall, 1993.
3. Juran J.M and Frank M.Gryna Jr., "Quality Planning and Analysis", TMH, India, 1982.
4. Narayana V. and Sreenivasan, N.S., "Quality Management – Concepts and Tasks", New Age International 1996.
5. Oakland.J.S. "Total Quality Management", Butterworth–Hcinemann Ltd., Oxford, 1989.
6. Zeiri. "Total Quality Management for Engineers", Wood Head Publishers, 1991.

CC5007 **DESIGN FOR CELLULAR MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
At the end of this course the student should be able to understand
- Concepts and applications of Cellular manufacturing systems
- Traditional and non-traditional approaches of Problem solving Performance measurement
- Human and economical aspects of CMS.

UNIT I **INTRODUCTION** **2**
Introduction to Group Technology, Limitations of traditional manufacturing systems, characteristics and design of groups, benefits of GT and issues in GT.

UNIT II **CMS PLANNING AND DESIGN** **10**
Problems in GT/CMS - Design of CMS - Models, traditional approaches and non-traditional approaches -Genetic Algorithms, Simulated Annealing, Neural networks.

UNIT III **IMPLEMENTATION OF GT/CMS** **10**
Inter and Intra cell layout, cost and non-cost based models, establishing a team approach, Managerial structure and groups, batch sequencing and sizing, life cycle issues in GT/CMS.

UNIT IV **PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT AND CONTROL** **8**
Measuring CMS performance - Parametric analysis - PBC in GT/CMS, cell loading, GT and MRP - framework.

UNIT V **ECONOMICS OF GT/CMS:** **5**
Conventional Vs group use of computer models in GT/CMS, Human aspects of GT/CMS - cases.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
OUTCOME:
- To impart knowledge on group technology, optimization algorithms, implementation of GT/CMS, Performance measurements and economical aspects of CMS.

REFERENCES
1. Askin, R.G. and Vakharia, A.J., G.T " Planning and Operation, in The automated factory-Hand
2. Book: Technology and Management ", Cleland.D.I. and Bidananda, B (Eds), TAB Books , NY, 1991.
3. Burbidge, J.L. Group "Technology in Engineering Industry ", Mechanical Engineering pub.London, 1979.
4. Irani, S.A. " Cellular Manufacturing Systems ", Hand Book
5. Kamrani, A.K, Parsaei, H.R and Liles, D.H. (Eds), " Planning, design and analysis of cellular manufacturing systems ", Elsevier, 1995

ED5078 **COMPOSITE MATERIALS AND MECHANICS** **L T P C**
3 0 0 3
OBJECTIVE
- To understand the fundamentals of composite material strength and its mechanical behavior
- Understanding the analysis of fiber reinforced Laminate design for different combinations of plies with different orientations of the fiber.
- Thermo-mechanical behavior and study of residual stresses in Laminates during processing.
- Implementation of Classical Laminate Theory (CLT) to study and analysis for residual stresses in an isotropic layered structure such as electronic chips.

UNIT I   INTRODUCTION TO COMPOSITE MATERIALS   10

Definition-Matrix materials-polymers-metals-ceramics - Reinforcements: Particles, whiskers, inorganic fibers, metal filaments- ceramic fibers- fiber fabrication- natural composite wood, Jute - Advantages and drawbacks of composites over monolithic materials. Mechanical properties and applications of composites, Particulate-Reinforced composite Materials, Dispersion-Strengthened composite, Fiber-reinforced composites Rule of mixtures-Characteristics of fiber-Reinforced composites, Manufacturing fiber and composites,

UNIT II   MANUFACTURING OF COMPOSITES   10

Manufacturing of Polymer Matrix Composites (PMCs)-handlay-up, spray technique, filament winding, Pultrusion, Resin Transfer Moulding (RTM)-, bag moulding, injection moulding, Sandwich Mould Composites (SMC) - Manufacturing of Metal Matrix Composites (MMCs) – Solid state, liquid state,vapour state processing, Manufacturing of Ceramic Matrix Composites (CMCs) – hot pressing-reaction bonding process-infiltration technique, direct oxidation- interfaces

UNIT III   INTRODUCTION, LAMINA CONSTITUTIVE EQUATIONS   12

Lamina Constitutive Equations: Lamina Assumptions – Macroscopic Viewpoint. Generalized Hooke's Law. Reduction to Homogeneous Orthotropic Lamina – Isotropic limit case, Orthotropic Stiffness matrix (Qij), Definition of stress and Moment Resultants. Strain Displacement relations. Basic Assumptions of Laminated anisotropic plates. Laminate Constitutive Equations – Coupling Interactions, Balanced Laminates, Symmetric Laminates, Angle Ply Laminates, Cross Ply Laminates. Laminate Structural Moduli. Evaluation of Lamina Properties from Laminate Tests. Quasi-Isotropic Laminates. Determination of Lamina stresses within Laminates.

UNIT IV   LAMINA STRENGTH ANALYSIS AND ANALYSIS OF LAMINATED
                FLAT PLATES   8

Introduction - Maximum Stress and Strain Criteria. Von-Misses Yield criterion for Isotropic Materials. Generalized Hill's Criterion for Anisotropic materials. Tsai-Hill's Failure Criterion for Composites. Tensor Polynomial (Tsai-Wu) Failure criterion. Prediction of laminate Failure Equilibrium Equations of Motion. Energy Formulations. Static Bending Analysis. Buckling Analysis. Free Vibrations – Natural Frequencies

UNIT V   THERMAL ANALYSIS   5

Assumption of Constant Co-efficient of Thermal Expansion (C.T.E.) - Modification of Hooke's Law. Modification of Laminate Constitutive Equations. Orthotropic Lamina C.T.E's. C.T.E's for special Laminate Configurations – Unidirectional, Off-axis, Symmetric Balanced Laminates, Zero C.T.E. laminates, Thermally Quasi-Isotropic Laminates

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME

- At the end of the course the students will be in position to understand the mechanics and design related to layered components such as fiber reinforced polymer composites, isotropic layered structures (example electronic chips) etc and its manufacturing methodologies.

REFERENCES:
1. Agarwal, B.D., and Broutman L.J., "Analysis and Performance of Fiber Composites", John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1990.
2. Chung, Deborah D.L., "Composite Materials: Science and Applications", Ane Books Pvt. Ltd./Springer, New Delhi, 1st Indian Reprint, 2009
3. Gibson, R.F., Principles of Composite Material Mechanics, McGraw-Hill, 1994, Second Edition - CRC press in progress.
4. Halpin, J.C., "Primer on Composite Materials, Analysis", Techomic Publishing Co., 1984.
5. Hyer, M.W., "Stress Analysis of Fiber – Reinforced Composite Materials", McGraw-Hill, 1998
6. Issac M. Daniel and Ori Ishai, "Engineering Mechanics of Composite Materials", Oxford University Press-2006, First Indian Edition - 2007
7. Madhujit Mukhopadhyay, "Mechanics of Composite Materials and Structures", University Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., Hyderabad, 2004 (Reprinted 2008)

8. Mallick, P.K. and Newman, S., (edition), "Composite Materials Technology: Processes and Properties", Hansen Publisher, Munish, 1990.
9. Mallick, P.K., Fiber –"Reinforced Composites: Materials, Manufacturing and Design", Maneel Dekker Inc, 1993.

ED5091   **DESIGN OF MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIPMENTS**   **L T P C**
                    (Use of Approved Data Book Is Permitted)   **3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES:
- To impart students on the need, use, application and design of different material handling techniques, equipments and machines used in common use and in industrial sector

UNIT I   MATERIALS HANDLING EQUIPMENT   5
Types, selection and applications

UNIT II   DESIGN OF HOISTS   10
Design of hoisting elements: Welded and roller chains - Hemp and wire ropes - Design of ropes, pulleys, pulley systems, sprockets and drums, Load handling attachments. Design of forged hooks and eye hooks – crane grabs - lifting magnets - Grabbing attachments - Design of arresting gear - Brakes: shoe, band and cone types.

UNIT III   DRIVES OF HOISTING GEAR   10
Hand and power drives - Traveling gear - Rail traveling mechanism - cantilever and monorail cranes - slewing, jib and luffing gear - cogwheel drive - selecting the motor ratings.

UNIT IV   CONVEYORS   10
Types - description - design and applications of Belt conveyors, apron conveyors and escalators Pneumatic conveyors, Screw conveyors and vibratory conveyors.

UNIT V   ELEVATORS   10
Bucket elevators: design - loading and bucket arrangements - Cage elevators - shaft way, guides, counter weights, hoisting machine, safety devices - Design of fork lift trucks.
                                                                    TOTAL: 45 PERIODS
OUTCOME:
- The course would familiarize the student on the technique to select suitable material handling equipment and design them based on the need.

REFERENCES
1. Alexandrov, M., Materials Handling Equipments, MIR Publishers, 1981.
2. Boltzharol, A., Materials Handling Handbook, The Ronald Press Company, 1958.
3. Lingaiah. K. and Narayana Iyengar, "Machine Design Data Hand Book", Vol.1 & 2, Suma Publishers, Bangalore, 1983
4. P.S.G. Tech., "Design Data Book", Kalaikathir Achchagam, Coimbatore, 2003.
5. Rudenko, N., Materials handling equipment, ELnvee Publishers, 1970.
6. Spivakovsy, A.O. and Dyachkov, V.K., Conveying Machines, Volumes I and II, MIR Publishers, 1985.

CD5091   **INDUSTRIAL ROBOTICS AND EXPERT SYSTEMS**   **L T P C**
                                                                               3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:
- To teach students the basics of robotics, construction features, sensor applications, robot cell design, robot programming and application of artificial intelligence and expert systems in robotics.

UNIT I   **INTRODUCTION AND ROBOT KINEMATICS**   **10**
Definition need and scope of Industrial robots – Robot anatomy – Work volume – Precision movement – End effectors – Sensors. Robot Kinematics – Direct and inverse kinematics – Robot trajectories – Control of robot manipulators – Robot dynamics – Methods for orientation and location of objects.

UNIT II   **ROBOT DRIVES AND CONTROL**   **9**
Controlling the Robot motion – Position and velocity sensing devices – Design of drive systems – Hydraulic and Pneumatic drives – Linear and rotary actuators and control valves – Electro hydraulic servo valves, electric drives – Motors – Designing of end effectors – Vacuum, magnetic and air operated grippers.

UNIT III   **ROBOT SENSORS**   **9**
Transducers and Sensors – Tactile sensor – Proximity and range sensors – Sensing joint forces – Robotic vision system – Image Representation - Image Grabbing –Image processing and analysis – Edge Enhancement – Contrast Stretching – Band Rationing - Image segmentation – Pattern recognition – Training of vision system.

UNIT IV   **ROBOT CELL DESIGN AND APPLICATION**   **9**
Robot work cell design and control – Safety in Robotics – Robot cell layouts – Multiple Robots and machine interference – Robot cycle time analysis. Industrial application of robots.

UNIT V   **ROBOT PROGRAMMING, ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND EXPERT**
                 SYSTEMS   **8**
Methods of Robot Programming – Characteristics of task level languages lead through programming methods – Motion interpolation. Artificial intelligence – Basics – Goals of artificial intelligence – AI techniques – problem representation in AI – Problem reduction and solution techniques - Application of AI and KBES in Robots.

                                                 TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
- The student will be able to design robots and robotic work cells and write program for controlling the robots.
- The student will be able to apply artificial intelligence and expert systems in robotics.

REFERENCES
1. Deb, S.R." Robotics Technology and Flexible Automation", Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 1994.
2. K.S.Fu, R.C. Gonzalez and C.S.G. Lee, "Robotics Control, Sensing, Vision and Intelligence", McGraw Hill, 1987.
3. Kozyrey, Yu. "Industrial Robots", MIR Publishers Moscow, 1985.
4. Mikell, P. Groover, Mitchell Weis, Roger, N. Nagel, Nicholas G. Odrey," Industrial Robotics Technology, Programming and Applications", Mc Graw-Hill, Int. 1986.
5. Richard. D, Klafter, Thomas, A, Chmielewski, Michael Negin, "Robotics Engineering – An Integrated Approach", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 1984.
6. Timothy Jordanides et al ,"Expert Systems and Robotics ", Springer –Verlag,   New York, May 1991.
7. Yoram Koren," Robotics for Engineers' Mc Graw-Hill, 1987.

ED5075   **DESIGN FOR INTERNET OF THINGS**   **L T P C**
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OBJECTIVE:
- To impart knowledge on state of art IoT architecture, data and knowledge management and use of devices in IoT technology

UNIT-I   INTRODUCTION   9

Machine to Machine (M2M) to IoT-The Vision-Introduction, From M2M to IoT, M2M towards IoT-the global context, A use case example, Differing Characteristics.

UNIT-II   IoT STRUCTURE   9

M2M to IoT – A Market Perspective– Introduction, Some Definitions, M2M Value Chains, IoT Value Chains, An emerging industrial structure for IoT, The international driven global value chain and global information monopolies. **M2M to IoT-An Architectural Overview**– Building an architecture, Main design principles and needed capabilities, An IoT architecture outline, standards considerations.

UNIT-III   IoT NETWORKING   9

M2M and IoT Technology Fundamentals- Devices and gateways, Local and wide area networking, Data management, Business processes in IoT, Everything as a Service (XaaS), M2M and IoT Analytics, Knowledge Management.

UNIT-IV   IoT ARCHITECTURE   9

IoT Architecture-State of the Art – Introduction, State of the art, **Architecture Reference Model-** Introduction, Reference Model and architecture, IoT reference Model.

UNIT-V   ARCHITECTURE MODELING   9

IoT Reference Architecture- Introduction, Functional View, Information View, Deployment and Operational View, Other Relevant architectural views. **Real-World Design Constraints-** Introduction, Technical Design constraints-hardware is popular again, Data representation and visualization, Interaction and remote control. **Industrial Automation-** Service-oriented architecture-based device integration, SOCRADES: realizing the enterprise integrated Web of Things, IMC-AESOP: from the Web of Things to the Cloud of Things, **Commercial Building Automation-** Introduction, Case study: phase one-commercial building automation today, Case study: phase two- commercial building automation in the future.

                                                                TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:
At the end of the course the student will be able to:
1. Understand the vision of IoT from a global context.
2. Determine the Market perspective of IoT.
3. Use of Devices, Gateways and Data Management in IoT.
4. Build state of the art architecture in IoT.
5. Understand the design constraints in the real world.
6. Apply of IoT in Industrial and Commercial Building Automation and Real World Design Constraints.

REFERENCES:
1. Francis da Costa, "Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to Connecting Everything", 1st Edition, A press Publications, 2013.
2. Jan Holler, Vlasios Tsiatsis, Catherine Mulligan, Stefan Avesand, Stamatis Karnouskos, David Boyle, "From Machine-to-Machine to the Internet of Things: Introduction to a New Age of Intelligence", 1st Edition, Academic Press, 2014.
3. Vijay Madisetti and Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)", 1stEdition, VPT, 2014.